



proclaimed in the County due to the degraded forest conditions and imminent threat from catastrophic fires and extreme drought.

On May 24, 2016, the Board approved the Emergency Services Director's submittal of an Application for State financial assistance under the California Disaster Assistance Act (CDAA) to the California Office of Emergency Service (OES) to mitigate tree mortality.

On January 31, 2017, the Board approved 13 revenue agreements with the California Department of Forestry and the Fire Prevention (CAL FIRE) to receive FY 2016-17 State Responsibility Area (SRA) Fire Prevention and TM (Tree Mortality) Grant Program funds for the removal of dead and dying trees that are within 300 feet of permanent private structures, roadways, and public or private infrastructure. The assessment, identification, and removal of dead and dying trees for these 13 grants is complete. Additionally, the Board increased the Purchasing Manager's previous authorization to contract for services related to tree mortality from \$2,000,000 to \$6,600,000.

In May 2017, 5,200 dead and dying trees were removed from Huntington Lake Road using CDAA funding. In February 2018, 2,300 dead and dying trees were removed from Auberry Road. By November 30, 2018, 2,100 dead and dying trees were removed from Bretz Mill Road. On October 31, 2019, the removal and disposal of 4,100 dead and dying trees along Huntington Lake Road was completed.

On April 17, 2018, the Board approved a revenue agreement with CAL FIRE for \$880,133 in Local Assistance for Tree Mortality Grant Program (LATM) funding that allows the County to cover the 25% CDAA cost share requirement and draw down an additional \$2,640,399 in CDAA funding. Additionally, your Board increased the Purchasing Manager's aggregate threshold to procure tree removal services from \$6,600,000 to \$12,120,532.

On November 6, 2018, the Board approved two revenue agreements with CAL FIRE for \$1,390,032 in Fire Prevention Program Grant (FPP) funding to continue contracting for the removal of dead and dying trees that are within 300 feet of permanent private structures, roadways, and public or private infrastructure. Additionally, on January 8, 2019, the Board increased the Purchasing Manager's aggregate threshold to procure tree removal services from \$12,120,532 to \$13,510,564.

On August 6, 2019, the Board approved a revenue agreement with CAL FIRE for \$1,680,000 in FPP funding to continue contracting for the removal of dead and dying trees that are within 300 feet of permanent private structures, roadways, and public or private infrastructure within the State Route 168 corridor. Additionally, on April 14, 2020, the Board increased the Purchasing Manager's aggregate threshold to procure tree removal services from \$13,510,564 to \$15,190,564.

On June 9, 2020, the Board approved a revenue agreement with CAL FIRE for \$2,565,920 in FPP funding to continue contracting for the removal of dead and dying trees that are within 300 feet of permanent private structures, roadways, and public or private infrastructure, and to clear fire escape routes within Eastern Fresno County.

The tree mortality budget includes funding from the following sources:

- CDAA: \$7,140,399 plus the County General Fund match in the amount of \$1,500,000
- SRA: \$2,600,000
- LATM: \$880,133
- FPP: \$5,635,952
- TOTAL \$17,756,484

The County's OES has coordinated an emergency response-planning meeting with all organized camps operating in the County. Additionally, the Office worked with CAL FIRE and the Sheriff's Office to conduct pre-fire evacuation planning meetings for communities in high hazard areas.

Forest degradation conditions have not improved as the tree mortality disaster has continued and escalated in eastern Fresno County. Mountain communities are currently being affected by the 2020 Creek Fire in the Huntington Lake, Big Creek, Shaver Lake, Pine Ridge, Meadow Lakes, Alder Springs, and Cressman areas.

Fresno County Ordinance Code, Chapter 2.44.060 requires your Board to review the need to continue the local emergency at least once every 30 days until terminated. The local emergency must be terminated at the earliest possible date when conditions warranting proclamation have ended.

REFERENCE MATERIAL:

BAI #26, October 20, 2020  
BAI #26, June 9, 2020  
BAI #45, August 6, 2019  
BAI #31, January 8, 2019  
BAI #48, November 6, 2018  
BAI #39, April 17, 2018  
BAI #37, January 31, 2017  
BAI #13, May 24, 2016  
BAI #21, September 22, 2015

ATTACHMENTS INCLUDED AND/OR ON FILE:

On file with Clerk - Resolution  
On file with Clerk - Map of Affected Area  
On file with Clerk - Proclamation of State Emergency

CAO ANALYST:

Raul Guerra